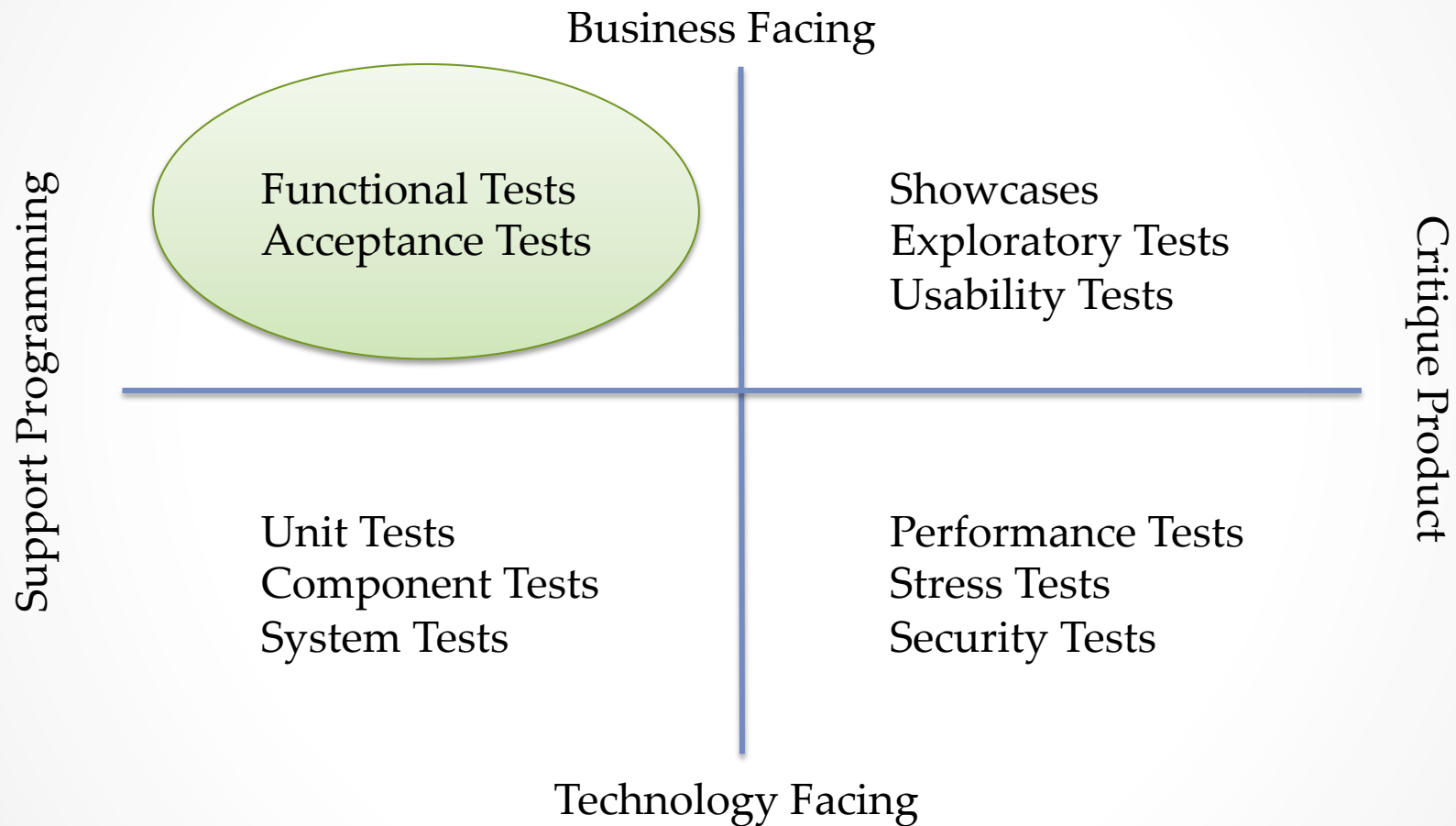


Functional Testing Patterns

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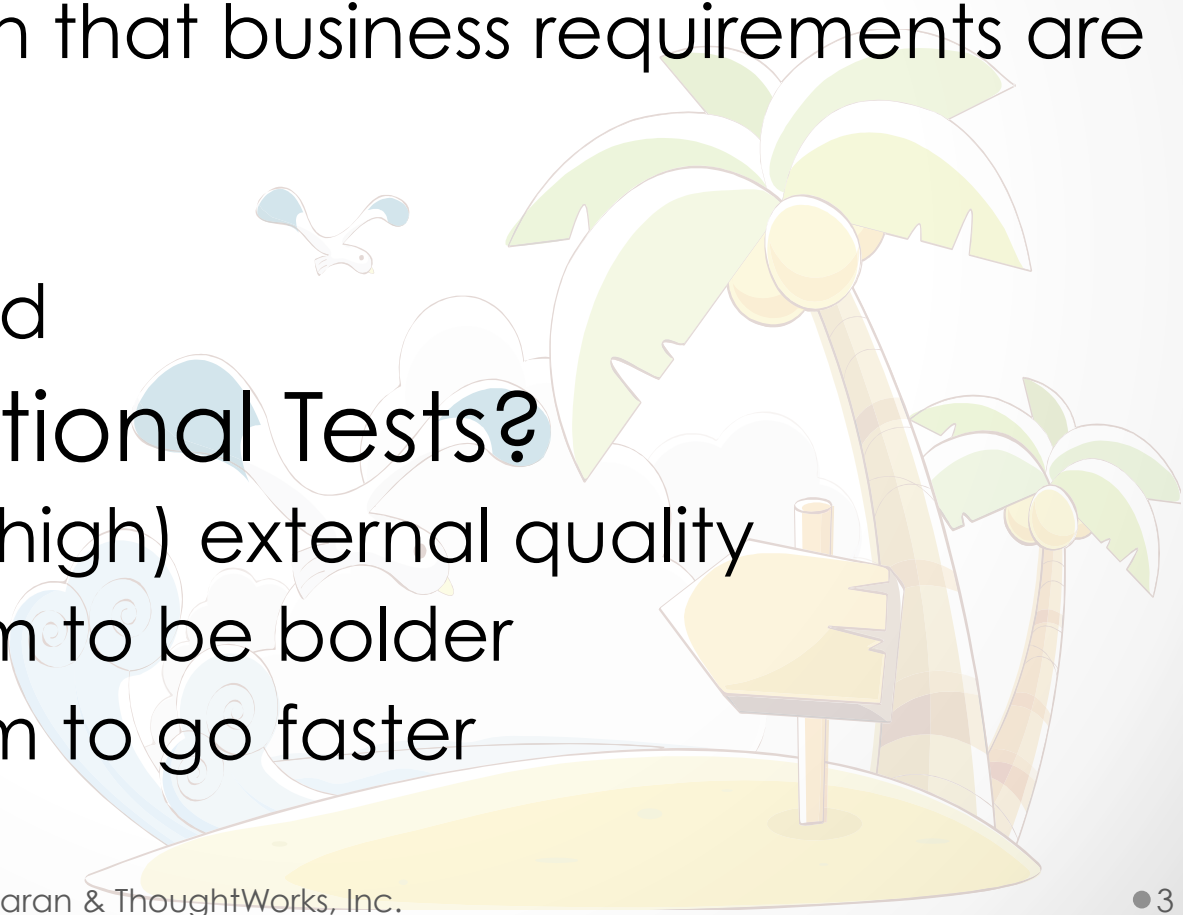
Types of Tests



<http://www.exampler.com/old-blog/2003/08/21/#agile-testing-project-1>

Functional Tests - The Pitch

- What Are Functional Tests?
 - Verification that business requirements are met
 - Black Box
 - Automated
- Why Functional Tests?
 - Maintain (high) external quality
 - Allow team to be bolder
 - Allow team to go faster



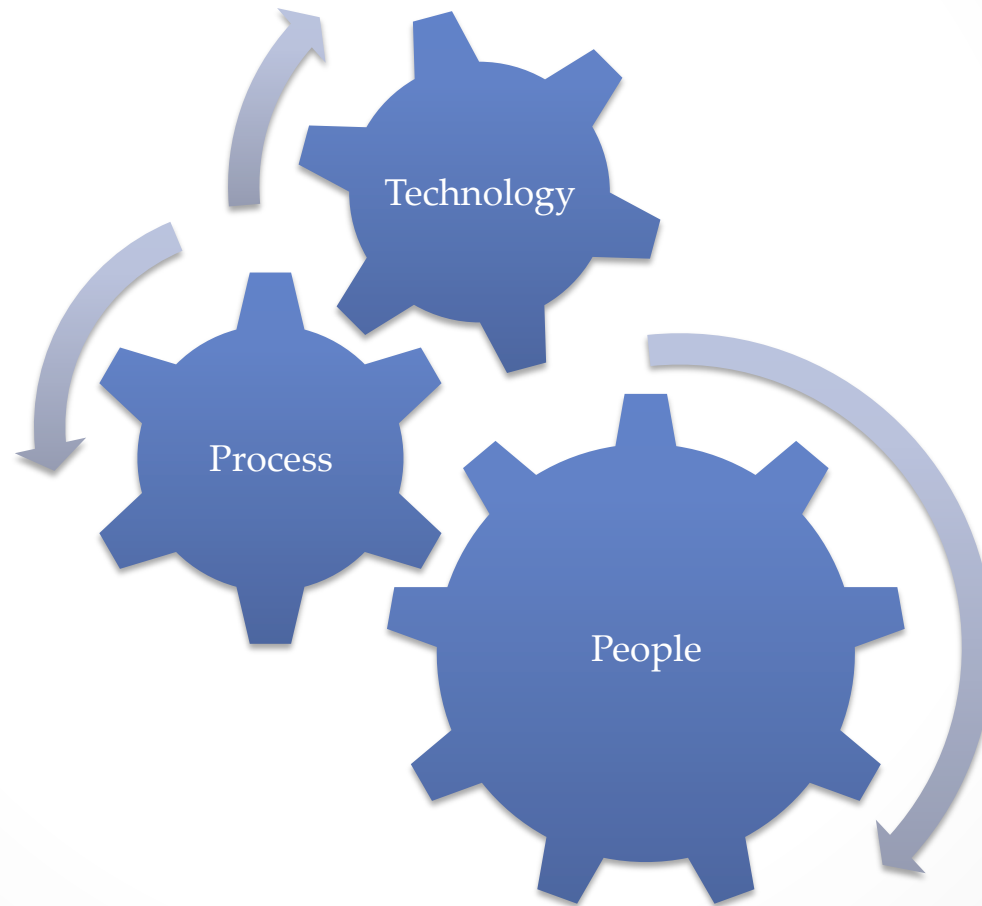
Functional Tests – The Reality

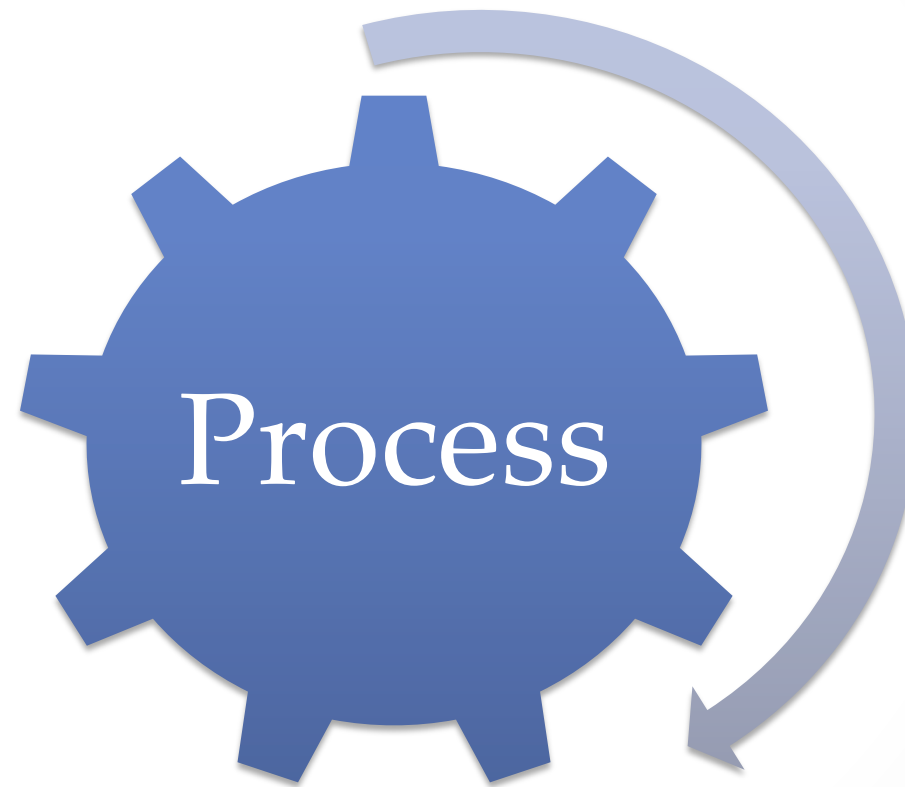
- Flaky
- Take long time to run
- Cumbersome to maintain
- Don't catch many bugs
- Some things are hard to automate
- Don't quite give you the feedback you were hoping for

Consequences

- Low confidence in automation
- Over-reliance on manual testing
- Slipped Deadlines AND/OR
- Lesser Testing AND/OR
- Testing in Production 😊

How To Get Better?





Functional Test – Example

Example - Specification

Feature: ShoppingCart functionality for Etsy.com

Narrative:

In order to show the basic cart functionality
As a user
I want to add and remove items from the cart

Scenario: Item can be added to cart

Given that the cart is empty
When I search for an item
And an item is added to the cart
Then the cart contains that item

Example – Implementation

```
public class MyTest {
    private WebDriver driver;
    private String baseUrl;
    private StringBuffer verificationErrors = new StringBuffer();

    @Before
    public void setUp() throws Exception {
        driver = new FirefoxDriver();
        baseUrl = "http://www.etsy.com/";
        driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(30, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
    }

    @Test
    public void testMy() throws Exception {
        driver.get(baseUrl + "/");
        driver.findElement(By.cssSelector("span.string")).click();
        driver.findElement(By.id("search-query")).clear();
        driver.findElement(By.id("search-query")).sendKeys("hat");
        driver.findElement(By.id("search_submit")).click();
        driver.findElement(By.cssSelector("img[alt=\"White solid wood 3 peg for coats, hats and garment\"]")).click();
        driver.findElement(By.cssSelector("span.button-large.button-large-cart > span > input[type=\"submit\"]")).click();
        driver.findElement(By.cssSelector("span.string")).click();
        try {
            assertEquals("1", driver.findElement(By.cssSelector("span.quantity-value")).getText());
        } catch (Error e) {
            verificationErrors.append(e.toString());
        }
    }

    @After
    public void tearDown() throws Exception {
        driver.quit();
        String verificationErrorString = verificationErrors.toString();
        if (!"".equals(verificationErrorString)) {
            fail(verificationErrorString);
        }
    }
}
```

Implementation Problems?

- No correlation between specification and implementation
- Intent lost in translation
- Easy to write, hard to read, maintain
- Too monolithic, lacks abstraction
- Causes non-technical domain experts to tune out of the process

Executable Specifications

Specification Step

Given that the cart is empty



Tight Correlation

Implementation Step

```
@Given("that the cart is empty")  
def cartIsEmptyAndOnStartPage() {  
    home.go()  
    cartIsEmpty();  
}
```

Functional Test - Specification

Feature: ShoppingCart functionality for Etsy.com

Narrative:

In order to show the basic cart functionality
As a user
I want to add and remove items from the cart

Scenario: Item can be added to cart

Given that the cart is empty
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And an item is added to the cart
Then the cart contains that item

Browse Etsy.com

etsy_browse.story

Meta:

@category browsing

@color red

Narrative:

**More useful information
in failure reports**

In order to show the browsing cart functionality

As a user

I want to browse in a gallery

Scenario: Browsing around the site for items

Given I am on etsy.com

When I want to browse through a treasury gallery

And I want to buy something from etsy.com

And I want to browse the treasury

When I choose the first treasury gallery (FAILED)

```
org.openqa.selenium.NoSuchElementException: Unable to locate element:
For documentation on this error, please visit: http://seleniumhq.org/
Build info: version: '2.13.0', revision: '14794', time: '2014-08-14 15:03:05'
System info: os.name: 'Mac OS X', os.arch: 'x86_64', os.version: '10.10.2', java.version: '1.7.0_75'
Driver info: driver.version: RemoteWebDriver
```

```
(reflection-construct)
at org.openqa.selenium.remote.ErrorHandler.createThrowable
at org.openqa.selenium.remote.ErrorHandler.throwExceptionAsWebDriverException
at org.openqa.selenium.remote.RemoteWebDriver.execute
at org.openqa.selenium.remote.RemoteWebDriver.findElement
at org.openqa.selenium.remote.RemoteWebDriver.findElementByXPath
at org.openqa.selenium.By$ByXPath.findElement
at org.openqa.selenium.remote.RemoteWebDriver.findElement
at org.jbehave.web.selenium.WebDriverPage.findElement
at org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver.findElement
(groovy-call)
at pages.Treasury.chooseFirstGallery(Treasury.groovy:10)
at pages.Treasury$chooseFirstGallery.call(Unknown Source)
(groovy-call)
at EtsyDotComSteps.selectFirstTreasuryGallery(EtsyDotComSteps.groovy:10)
(reflection-invoke)
at org.jbehave.core.steps.StepCreator$ParameterizedStep.execute
at org.jbehave.core.embedder.StoryRunner$FineSoFar.execute
```


Acceptance Criteria DSL

- **Given** some initial context
- **When** an event occurs
- **Then** ensure outcome
- Example –

```
1  Scenario: Advanced Search for a hat
2
3  Given I am searching on Etsy.com
4  And I am not logged in
5  When I specify the Knitting sub category
6  And I search for hat
7  Then there are search results
```

Functional Test – New Implementation

```
7  class ShoppingCartSteps {
8
9      Home home
10     Site site
11
12     @Given("that the cart is empty")
13     def cartIsEmptyAndOnStartPage() {
14         home.go()
15         cartIsEmpty();
16     }
17
18     @When("I search for an item")
19     def searchForItem(){
20         home.search("hat")
21     }
22
23     @When("an item is added to the cart")
24     def putThingInCart() {
25         putThingInCart("hat")
26     }
27
28     @Then("the cart will be empty")
29     def cartIsEmpty() {
30         site.cartEmpty()
31     }
```


Good Acceptance Criteria

Scenario: Advanced Search for a hat

Given I am searching on "<http://www.etsy.com>"

When I click on the select box with css class "`select.handmade`"

And I select "`Knitting`"

And I click on the text box with id "`#search_query`"

And type in "`hat`"

Then there are search results



Focus on WHAT, not HOW

Scenario: Advanced Search for a hat

Given I am searching on Etsy.com

And I am not logged in

And I specify the `Knitting` sub category

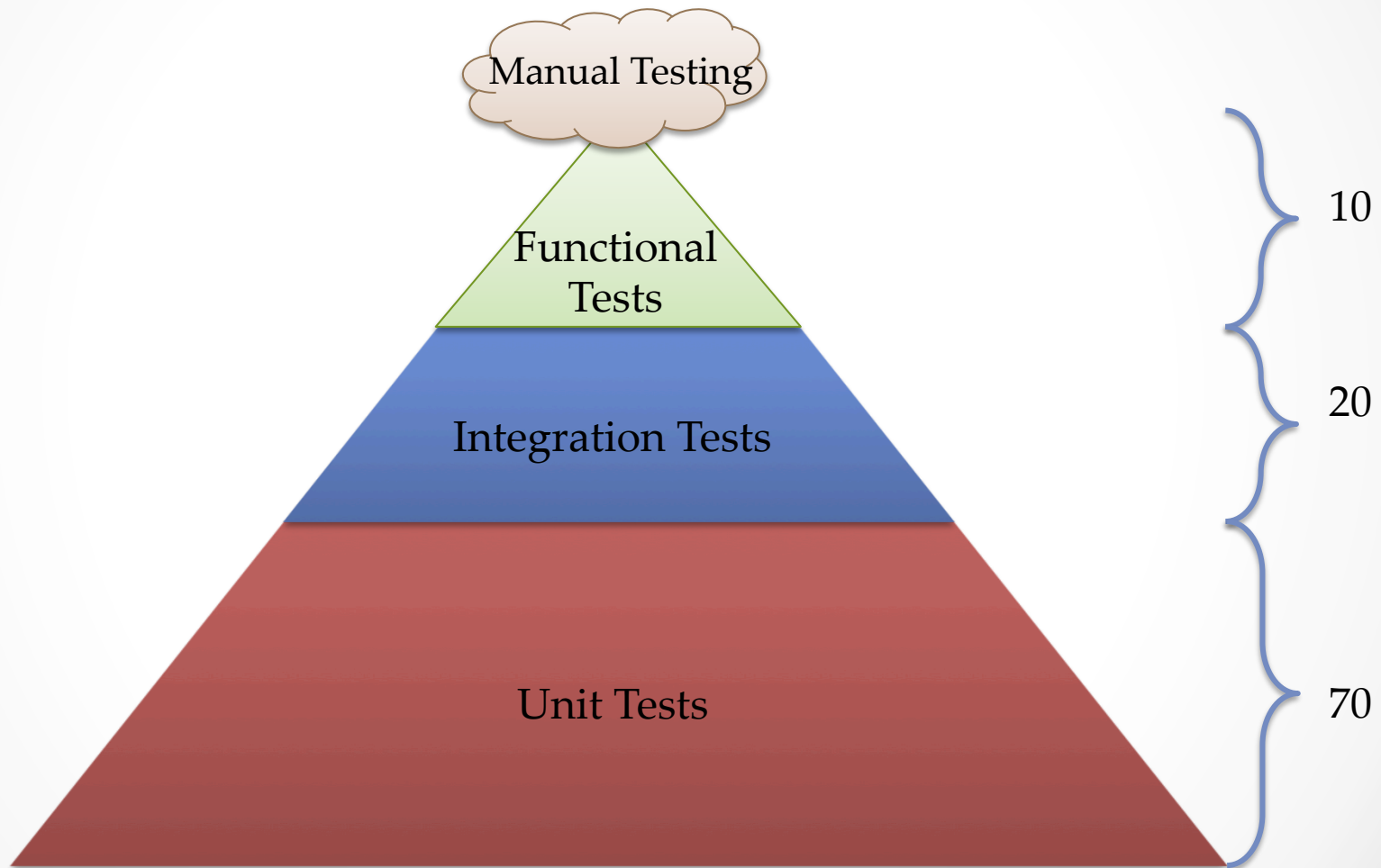
And I search for `hat`

Then there are search results



Better

How Many Tests?



<http://blog.mountangoatsoftware.com/tag/agile-testing>

What About Legacy Systems?

- Start with functional tests
- Cover with unit tests for new functionality
- Be on the lookout to replace functional tests more fine-grained tests at every given opportunity

What To Automate?

- The **MOST** important scenarios
 - End-To-End system level scenarios
 - Happy paths
- Avoid automating individual feature-level acceptance criteria
- Make a distinction between “ephemeral” and “long-standing” tests

When do these tests run?

- After every check-in
- As part of CI build pipeline
 - Unit → Smoke → Regression → Deploy
- Incubator Test Suites

Workflow

- Sprint [N - 1]
 - Feature elaboration with entry level acceptance criteria
- Sprint [N]
 - Feature kick-off meeting
 - Developers implement feature
 - Testers (optionally) add additional acceptance criteria
- Sprint[N, N + 1]
 - Testers verify all acceptance criteria to be satisfied
 - Testers refactor functional test suite
 - Feature marked complete



Test Characteristics

- Be idempotent
 - At least re-runnable
 - Keep tests isolated from one another
- Be runnable in parallel
 - No inter-dependencies between tests
- Be deterministic
 - Quarantine/eradicate non-deterministic tests
 - Don't "sleep"
 - Prefer callbacks or at least poll for asynchronous responses
 - Consider mocking remote third-party services
 - Have separate tests to verify interaction with remote services
 - Consider using relative dates/times or mock the system clock
 - <http://martinfowler.com/articles/nonDeterminism.html>

Test Sources

- Don't have any dependencies on production sources
- Treat as first-class citizens
 - Keep DRY
 - Run static analysis metrics
- Leverage design patterns like
 - Page Objects
 - Compound Steps
- Consider the use of terser languages
 - Groovy, Ruby etc.

Test Data

- Use application to create test data
- Use test data creation steps
 - Frameworks like DBUnit
- Use anonymized production data subsets
 - Requires lot of time and effort
- Use anonymized production data copies
 - Huge data volumes may make it prohibitive
- Avoid the shared database anti-pattern
- Consider mocking remote third-party services

Test Infrastructure

- Invest in fast build hardware
 - CI servers support multiple remote agents
- Use same software configuration as production in all environments
- Consider running tests on the cloud
 - <http://www.saucelabs.com>



Who Writes/Owns The Tests?

- The specifications – acceptance criteria?
 - Domain Experts
- Step implementations?
 - Developers & Testers
- The functional suite?
 - The Team
 - Day-to-Day – Testers

Team Dynamics

- Fix broken builds and tests immediately
 - OK to occasionally break the build
 - Not OK to leave the build broken for long
- Do not allow check-ins over a broken build
 - Unless check-in is being made to fix the build
- Co-locate teams as much as possible
 - At least create fully formed remote teams

Questions?

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Thank You!